AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1	1. (Currently amended) A method for detecting a failure sequence or other
2	undesirable system behavior in a computer system and subsequently taking a
3	corresponding remedial action, comprising:
4	receiving instrumentation signals from the computer system while the
5	computer system is operating;
6	determining from the instrumentation signals if the computer system is in
7	a failure sequence that is likely to lead to undesirable system behavior, such as a
8	system crash, wherein determining if the computer system is in a failure sequence
9	involves:
10	determining correlations between instrumentation signals in
11	the computer system, wherein determining the correlations
12	involves using a non-linear, non-parametric regression technique to
13	determine the correlations, whereby the correlations can
14	subsequently be used to generate estimated signals,
15	deriving estimated signals for a number of instrumentation
16	signals, wherein each estimated signal is derived from correlations
17	with other instrumentation signals, and
18	comparing an actual signal with an estimated signal for a
19	number of instrumentation signal to determine whether the
20	computer system is in a failure sequence;

21	wherein the determination involves considering predetermined
22	multivariate correlations between multiple instrumentation signals and a failure
23	sequence that is likely to lead to undesirable system behavior; and
24	if the computer system is in a failure sequence that is likely to lead to
25	undesirable system behavior, taking a remedial action.
1	2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein taking the remedial action
2	involves generating an alarm.
1	3. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein generating the alarm
2	involves communicating the alarm to a system administrator so that the system
3	administrator can take the remedial action.
1	4. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein communicating the alarm to
2	the system administrator involves communicating information specifying the
3	nature of the failure sequence to the system administrator.
1	5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein taking the remedial action
2	can involve: killing processes, blocking creation of new processes, or throwing
3	away work, until the system is no longer in a failure sequence that is likely to lead
4	to undesirable system behavior.
1	6 (Canceled).
1	7. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1-claim 6, wherein
2	comparing an actual signal with an estimated signal involves using sequential
3	detection methods to detect changes in a relationship between the actual signal

and the estimated signal.

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1	8. (Original) The method of claim /, wherein the sequential detection
2	methods include the Sequential Probability Ratio Test (SPRT).
1	9 (Canceled).
1	10. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1 claim 9, wherein
2 '	determining the correlations involves:
3	deliberately overloading the computer system during a test mode to
4	produce undesirable system behavior, such as a system crash; and
5	identifying multivariate correlations between multiple instrumentation
6	signals and the system crash.
1	11 (Canceled).
1	12. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1-claim 11, wherein the
2 '	non-linear, non-parametric regression technique can include a multivariate state
3	estimation technique.
1	13. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the instrumentation signals can include:
2	signals associated with internal performance parameters maintained by
3	
4	software within the computer system;
5	signals associated with physical performance parameters measured
6	through sensors the computer system; and
7	signals associated with canary performance parameters for synthetic user
8	transactions, which are periodically generated for performance measuring
9	purposes.

1	14. (Currently amended) A computer-readable storage medium storing
2	instructions that when executed by a computer cause the computer to perform a
3	method for detecting a failure sequence or other undesirable system behavior in a
4	computer system and subsequently taking a corresponding remedial action,
5	wherein the computer-readable storage medium includes magnetic and optical
6	storage devices, disk drives, magnetic tape, CDs (compact discs), and DVDs
7	(digital versatile discs or digital video discs), the method comprising:
8	receiving instrumentation signals from the computer system while the
9	computer system is operating;
10	determining from the instrumentation signals if the computer system is in
11	a failure sequence that is likely to lead to undesirable system behavior, such as a
12	system crash, wherein determining if the computer system is in a failure sequence
13	involves:
14	determining correlations between instrumentation signals in
15	the computer system, wherein determining the correlations
16	involves using a non-linear, non-parametric regression technique to
17	determine the correlations, whereby the correlations can
18	subsequently be used to generate estimated signals.
19	deriving estimated signals for a number of instrumentation
20	signals, wherein each estimated signal is derived from correlations
21	with other instrumentation signals, and
22	comparing an actual signal with an estimated signal for a
23	number of instrumentation signal to determine whether the
24	computer system is in a failure sequence;
25	wherein the determination involves considering predetermined
26	multivariate correlations between multiple instrumentation signals and a failure
27	sequence that is likely to lead to undesirable system behavior; and

28	if the computer system is in a failure sequence that is likely to lead to
29	undesirable system behavior, taking a remedial action.
1	15. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 14,
2	wherein taking the remedial action involves generating an alarm.
1	16. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 15,
2	wherein generating the alarm involves communicating the alarm to a system
3	administrator so that the system administrator can take the remedial action.
1	17. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 16,
2	wherein communicating the alarm to the system administrator involves
3	communicating information specifying the nature of the failure sequence to the
4	system administrator.
1	18. (Currently amended) The computer-readable storage medium of claim
2	14 claim 16, wherein taking the remedial action can involve: killing processes,
3	blocking creation of new processes, or throwing away work, until the system is no
4	longer in a failure sequence that is likely to lead to undesirable system behavior.
1	19 (Canceled).
1	20. (Currently amended) The computer-readable storage medium of claim
2	14-claim 19, wherein comparing an actual signal with an estimated signal involves
3	using sequential detection methods to detect changes in a relationship between the

actual signal and the estimated signal.

1	21. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 20,
2	wherein the sequential detection methods include the Sequential Probability Ratio
3	Test (SPRT).
1	22 (Canceled).
1	23. (Currently amended) The computer-readable storage medium of claim
2	14 elaim 22, wherein determining the correlations involves:
3	deliberately overloading the computer system during a test mode to
4	produce undesirable system behavior, such as a system crash; and
5	identifying multivariate correlations between multiple instrumentation
6	signals and the system crash.
1	24 (Canceled).
1	25. (Currently amended) The computer-readable storage medium of claim
2	14 claim 24, wherein the non-linear, non-parametric regression technique can
3	include a multivariate state estimation technique.
1	26. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 14,
2	wherein the instrumentation signals can include:
3	signals associated with internal performance parameters maintained by
4	software within the computer system;
5	signals associated with physical performance parameters measured
6	through sensors the computer system; and
7	signals associated with canary performance parameters for synthetic user
8	transactions, which are periodically generated for performance measuring
9	purposes.

1	$\frac{2827}{1}$. (Currently amended) An apparatus that detects a failure sequence or
2	other undesirable system behavior in a computer system and subsequently takes a
3	corresponding remedial action, comprising:
4	a monitoring mechanism configured to monitor instrumentation signals
5	from the computer system while the computer system is operating;
6	a determination mechanism configured to determine from the
7	instrumentation signals if the computer system is in a failure sequence that is
8	likely to lead to undesirable system behavior, such as a system crash, wherein
9	determining if the computer system is in a failure sequence involves:
10	determining correlations between instrumentation signals in
11	the computer system, wherein determining the correlations
12	involves using a non-linear, non-parametric regression technique to
13	determine the correlations, whereby the correlations can
14	subsequently be used to generate estimated signals,
15	deriving estimated signals for a number of instrumentation
16	signals, wherein each estimated signal is derived from correlations
17	with other instrumentation signals, and
18	comparing an actual signal with an estimated signal for a
19	number of instrumentation signal to determine whether the
20	computer system is in a failure sequence;
21	wherein the determination mechanism is based on multivariate
22	correlations between multiple instrumentation signals and a failure sequence that
23	is likely to lead to undesirable system behavior; and
24	a remediation mechanism that is configured to take a remedial action if the
25	computer system is in a failure sequence that is likely to lead to undesirable
26	system behavior.